

**UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION**

COMMISSIONERS: **Edith Ramirez, Chairwoman**
 Julie Brill
 Maureen K. Ohlhausen
 Joshua D. Wright
 Terrell McSweeney

_____)
In the Matter of)
)
American International Mailing, Inc.,)
a corporation.)
_____)

DOCKET NO.

COMPLAINT

The Federal Trade Commission, having reason to believe that American International Mailing, Inc., a corporation, has violated the Federal Trade Commission Act (“FTC Act”), and it appearing to the Commission that this proceeding is in the public interest, alleges:

1. Respondent American International Mailing, Inc., is a Delaware corporation with its principal office or place of business at 3922 Vero Road, Suite 1, Baltimore Maryland 21227.
2. Respondent provides a service for transporting mail, parcels and freight worldwide.
3. The acts and practices of respondent as alleged in this complaint have been in or affecting commerce, as “commerce” is defined in Section 4 of the FTC Act.
4. Respondent has set forth on its website, www.aimmailing.com/privacy.html, privacy policies and statements about its practices, including statements related to its participation in the Safe Harbor privacy framework agreed upon by the U.S. and the European Union (“U.S.-EU Safe Harbor Framework”).

The Framework

5. The U.S.-EU Safe Harbor Framework provides a method for U.S. companies to transfer personal data outside of Europe that is consistent with the requirements of the European Union Directive on Data Protection (“Directive”). Enacted in 1995, the Directive sets forth European Union (“EU”) requirements for privacy and the protection of personal data. Among other things, it requires EU Member States to implement legislation that prohibits the transfer of personal data outside the EU, with exceptions, unless the European Commission (“EC”) has made a determination that the recipient jurisdiction’s laws ensure the protection

of such personal data. This determination is referred to commonly as meeting the EU's "adequacy" standard.

6. To satisfy the EU adequacy standard for certain commercial transfers, the U.S. Department of Commerce ("Commerce") and the EC negotiated the U.S.-EU Safe Harbor Framework, which went into effect in 2000. The U.S.-EU Safe Harbor Framework allows U.S. companies to transfer personal data lawfully from the EU. To join the U.S.-EU Safe Harbor Framework, a company must self-certify to Commerce that it complies with seven principles and related requirements that have been deemed to meet the EU's adequacy standard.
7. Companies under the jurisdiction of the U.S. Federal Trade Commission ("FTC"), as well as the U.S. Department of Transportation, are eligible to join the U.S.-EU Safe Harbor Framework. A company under the FTC's jurisdiction that claims it has self-certified to the Safe Harbor principles, but failed to self-certify to Commerce, may be subject to an enforcement action based on the FTC's deception authority under Section 5 of the FTC Act.
8. Commerce maintains a public website, www.export.gov/safeharbor, where it posts the names of companies that have self-certified to the U.S.-EU Safe Harbor Framework. The listing of companies indicates whether their self-certification is "current" or "not current" and a date when recertification is due. Companies are required to re-certify every year in order to retain their status as "current" members of the U.S.-EU Safe Harbor Framework.

Violations of Section 5 of the FTC Act

9. In May 2006, respondent submitted to Commerce a self-certification of compliance to the U.S.-EU Safe Harbor Framework.
10. In May 2010, respondent did not renew its self-certification to the U.S.-EU Safe Harbor Framework, and Commerce subsequently updated respondent's status to "not current" on its public website. As of January 2015, respondent has not renewed its self-certification to the U.S.-EU Safe Harbor Framework and remains in "not current" status on Commerce's website.
11. Respondent has disseminated or caused to be disseminated privacy policies and statements on the www.aimmailing.com/privacy.html website, including, but not limited to, the following:

AIM abides by the Safe Harbor Principles developed by the US Department of Commerce and the European Commission in services rendered to clients that use personal data.
12. Through the means described in Paragraph 11, respondent has represented, expressly or by implication, that it is a "current" participant in the U.S.-EU Safe Harbor Framework.

13. In truth and in fact, since May 2010, respondent has not been a “current” participant in the U.S.-EU Safe Harbor Framework. Therefore, the representation set forth in Paragraph 12 is, and was, false and misleading.
14. The acts and practices of respondent as alleged in this complaint constitute deceptive acts or practices, in or affecting commerce, in violation of Section 5(a) of the Federal Trade Commission Act.

THEREFORE, the Federal Trade Commission this ___ day of _____ 2015, has issued this complaint against respondents.

By the Commission.

Donald S. Clark
Secretary

SEAL
ISSUED: